

2026 GUIDE

First-time home buyer: programs, loans and the real numbers by state

First-time home buyer programs in all 50 states — down payment assistance, HFA loans, tax credits, closing costs — plus guides on affordability, credit and PMI.

Every state has a program most buyers never hear about. Find yours, then run the numbers that lenders actually use.

Buying a first home in the United States is a paperwork problem dressed up as a money problem. The money exists: every state runs a housing finance agency with a first-time buyer mortgage and down payment help, about half issue Mortgage Credit Certificates worth up to \$2,000 a year in federal tax credits, and three mainstream loan programs — FHA, HomeReady and Home Possible — accept 3% to 3.5% down with the entire amount from gifts or assistance. What stops most buyers is not knowing these exist, or using a lender that does not offer them.

The paperwork is where the guides below earn their place: [how much house you can afford](#) by the debt-to-income math lenders use, the [credit score](#) each program really requires, [FHA vs conventional](#), [closing costs](#) and who can pay them, and the [twelve mistakes](#) that cost buyers the most.

Start with your state: each page lists the agency's programs, assistance amounts, tax credit availability, transfer taxes and typical closing costs, and a worked example on the state's median home price. Then read the two or three guides that match your situation — and ask us anything the pages do not answer.

The method, in five steps

1. Pull your credit reports from all three bureaus and fix errors before you talk to a lender.
2. Read your state page below: note the agency's program names and whether an MCC is offered.
3. Get a full pre-approval (not a pre-qualification) from two lenders — one of them approved for your state's program.
4. Build your budget from take-home pay, not from the pre-approval maximum; include taxes, insurance and PMI.
5. Take the free homebuyer education course early — most assistance programs require it and it shortens closing.

Questions people ask

Who counts as a first-time home buyer?

For most federal and state programs, anyone who has not owned a principal residence in the past three years — so previous owners often qualify. Many state programs also waive the requirement in targeted areas and for veterans.

How much do I really need for a down payment?

As little as 3% (conventional HomeReady, Home Possible, Conventional 97) or 3.5% (FHA), and 0% on VA and USDA loans. Closing costs of 2% to 5% come on top, though sellers, lenders and assistance programs can cover much of them.

Is it better to wait and save 20%?

Not automatically. PMI on a 5% down loan costs less than many buyers expect and cancels at 80% loan-to-value; in a rising market, years of waiting can cost more than the insurance. The decision depends on your market, your reserves after closing, and your payment comfort — not on a rule of thumb.

Your state's rules

Every state changes the answer — programs, usury caps, foreclosure speed. The state guides are free at <https://claude-loan.com/first-time-home-buyer/> (pick your state).

Keep reading on Claude Loan

- How much house can I afford? The math lenders actually use — <https://claude-loan.com/guides/how-much-house-can-i-afford/>
- FHA vs conventional for a first-time buyer: which loan wins, and when — <https://claude-loan.com/guides/fha-vs-conventional-first-time-buyer/>
- 3% down conventional loans: HomeReady, Home Possible and Conventional 97 — <https://claude-loan.com/guides/3-percent-down-conventional-homeready-home-possible/>
- Pre-approval vs pre-qualification: what sellers actually respect — <https://claude-loan.com/guides/pre-approval-vs-pre-qualification/>
- Closing costs explained: what is negotiable, what is not — <https://claude-loan.com/guides/closing-costs-explained/>
- PMI for first-time buyers: what it costs and how to get rid of it — <https://claude-loan.com/guides/pmi-for-first-time-buyers/>

Sources

- CFPB — Owning a Home — <https://www.consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home/>
- HUD — Find a housing counselor — <https://www.hud.gov/findacounselor>
- HUD — FHA single family housing — https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/housing/sfh

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